

## Citizenship and Jurisdiction

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*Louis Riel* was brought to trial on Britain's 400 year old treason act going back to the days of King Edward III. High Treason was to be tried in a court of full Provincial Judges with a 12 man jury. He was before a Stipendiary Magistrate with a 6 man jury, all White.

But the 6 counts of levying war against the Crown of England was the clue to *Louis Riel's* strange identity, that half breeds had no citizenship rights or protection.

The first three counts were based on *Louis Riel*, "*A Subject Of Our Lady The Queen*". So *Louis Riel* was a citizen of Canada and also a citizen of the United States. So he couldn't have been a subject of the Queen. It was found that he owed his "*Natural Allegiance*" to Britain (illegitimate child).

The last three counts were titled "*Living Within The Dominion Of Canada*", and "*Under The Protection Of The Queen*". According to *International Law*, because of dual and multiple nationalities, even though you are not a citizen or are an alien you own your "*Local Allegiance*", in this case, to the Crown of England (confined child).

So, according to *International Law*, if you are born in the area, and not of European or European descent, you are a citizen of both countries in words only, and an alien to both. This is true because of "*Natural*" (illegitimate) and "*Local*" (confined allegiance).

If you are not White, civilized, European, or of European descent and not a member of an Indian tribe, you could owe your allegiance to three and four countries in the area; thereby, you help to perpetuate White civilized nations.

**DAKOTA PROCLAMATION,**  
**Meredith Quinn**, International Legal Advisor,  
Registered with the United Nations)

- The document referred to as The Royal Proclamation (1763) presents itself as nothing more than an assumption of Jurisdiction by a European nation based on the Secular Treaty of Tordesillas (1494).
- The Right of Discovery is the source of law from which this court is assuming jurisdiction.
- The Sovereignty of Tribal governments by Law (International) supercedes the Right of Discovery.

Should your assumption in our Territory derive from what is known to you as Treaty #8, then you are hereby informed by our Tribal Government that the Indians who signed that Treaty were not Signatory Indians, therefore your *Causus Omissis* does not have Cession Jurisdiction over The Rocky Mountains in what you refer to as the Province of Alberta.

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