

moral character and in good repute, possessed of the necessary qualifications to enable them to render such claimants valuable service, and otherwise competent to advise and assist such claimants in the presentation of their claims and such Secretary may, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, suspend or exclude from further practice before his department any such person, agent, or attorney shown to be incompetent, disreputable, or who refuses to comply with the said rules and regulations, or who shall with intent to defraud in any manner, deceive, mislead, or threaten any claimant, or prospective claimant, by word, circular, letter, or by advertisement.

**BRIEFING:**

Legal fact. The Secretary of the Interior, protects, stores, and controls all records of American Indians in the United States by order of the President. This control includes Guardianship, Alienation, and Severalty of each Indian in the United States, along with the Indians' personal rights. Now, if the records show the Government of the United States in an act, situation, or condition that is prejudicial to the interests of the Government of the United States of America, the Secretary by law (43 U.S.C.A. 1460) does not have to show or make copy or distribute the knowledge of them, and if someone should get some of this documentation from the Secretary and tries to use it in a court of law, the Secretary of the Interior has the Authority to dictate to the courts at all levels, the admissibility as evidence of those records or documentation in a court of law (Title 28 Judiciary and Judicial Procedures, section 1733) and no court can by writ force the Secretary to open for review any records or documentation so that an Indian could have a fair and just trial when charged with crimes that have been written for American citizens and the inhabitants of a ceded or conquered territory. (Lane v. U.S. Dist. Col. 1916, 36 S.Ct. 599, 241 U.S. 201, 60 L.Ed. 956, Stookey v. Wilbur 1932, 58 F.2d. 522, 61 App. D.C., U.S. v. Lane 1920, 269 F. 202, 50 App. D.C. 123, appeal dismissed, 42 S.Ct. 314, 258 U.S. 632, 66 L.Ed. 801, 43 U.S.C.A. 1457 note 17) and all attorneys licensed by the various state bars and agents or persons ("**Persons**": being defined by statutes as White or European or European descent. Frazee v. Spokane County 69 P. 779, 782, 29 Wash. 278, 42 C.J.S. 1 paragraphs 1, 2, 42 C.J.S. 28 paragraph 1.) are restricted and held by an allegiance and rules and regulations from enforcing an order or writ or even relating the legal identity and rights

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